



Historic Districts Council Zoning Presentation February 9, 2014





Natural Areas

Conservancy

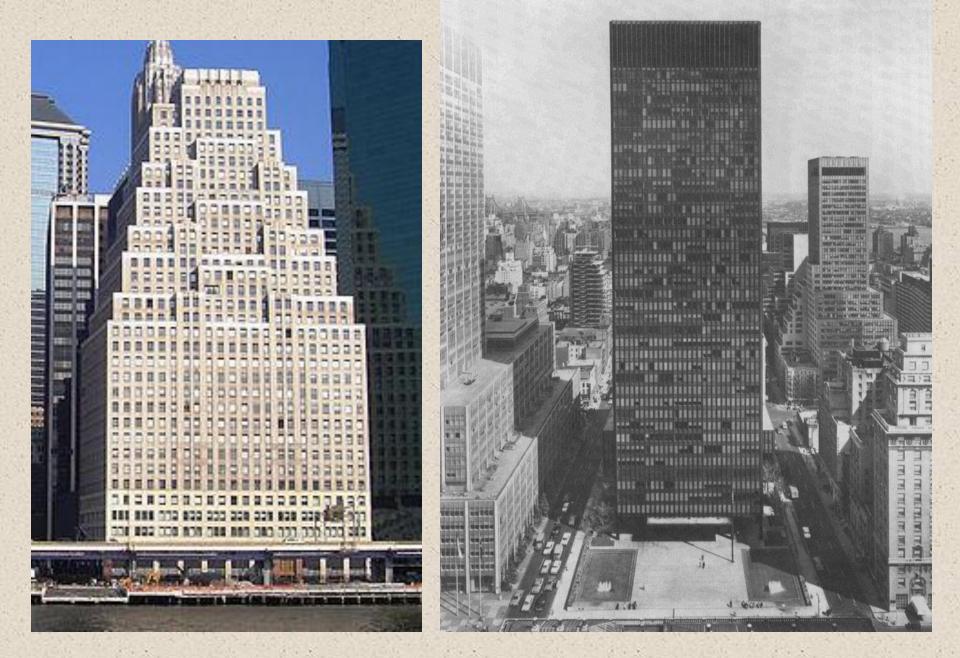


THE ADVOCATE FOR NEW YORK CITY'S HISTORIC NEIGHBORHOODS



120 Broadway – 583 feet high with no setback

1916 Zoning Resolution 1961 Zoning Resolution



1916 Zoning Resolution

1961 Zoning Resolution



60'

minimum

lot width

Rear

Yard

(min)

20 4

Front

Yard

(min)

20 6

OSR

(percent)

R1-2

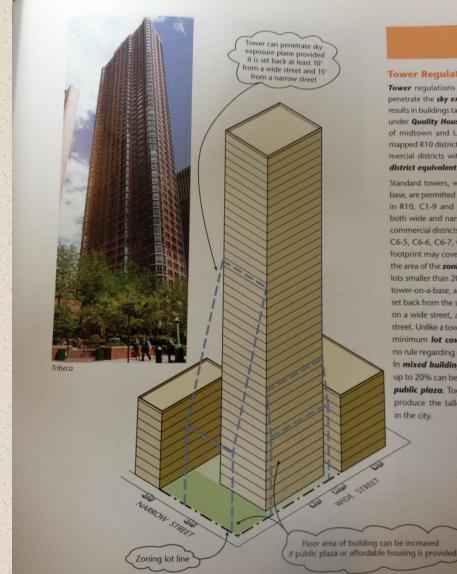
Front yard must be at least

as deep as adjacent yard

with a minimum depth of 20'

Side Yards (min)

Total Each



Tower can penetrate sky exposure plane provided it is set back at least 10' from a wide street and 15'

Tower Regulat

Tower regulations penetrate the sky ex results in buildings tal under Quality Hous of midtown and Lo mapped R10 districts mercial districts with district equivalent.

Standard towers, w base, are permitted of in R10, C1-9 and (both wide and nam commercial districts C6-5, C6-6, C6-7, C footprint may cover the area of the zoni lots smaller than 20 tower-on-a-base, a set back from the st on a wide street, a street. Unlike a tow minimum lot cove no rule regarding o In mixed building up to 20% can be public plaza. Too produce the talle in the city.

STREET

Lower Density – R1-R5 Moderate and Higher Density - R6-R10

ning lot lin

Side yards

must total 35' min,

each at least 15' wide

8' wide

60'

minimum lot width

Building Height/

PerimeterWall

(max)

35' max

building height

25' maximum

perimeter

wall height

R1-2A

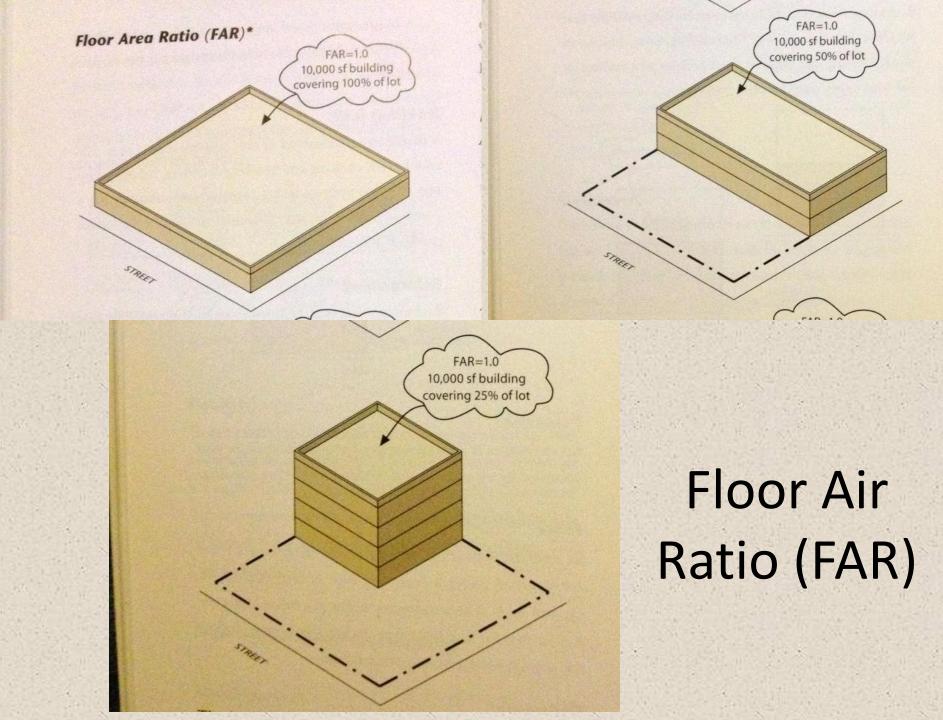
Required

Parking

(min)

Floor Area Ratio

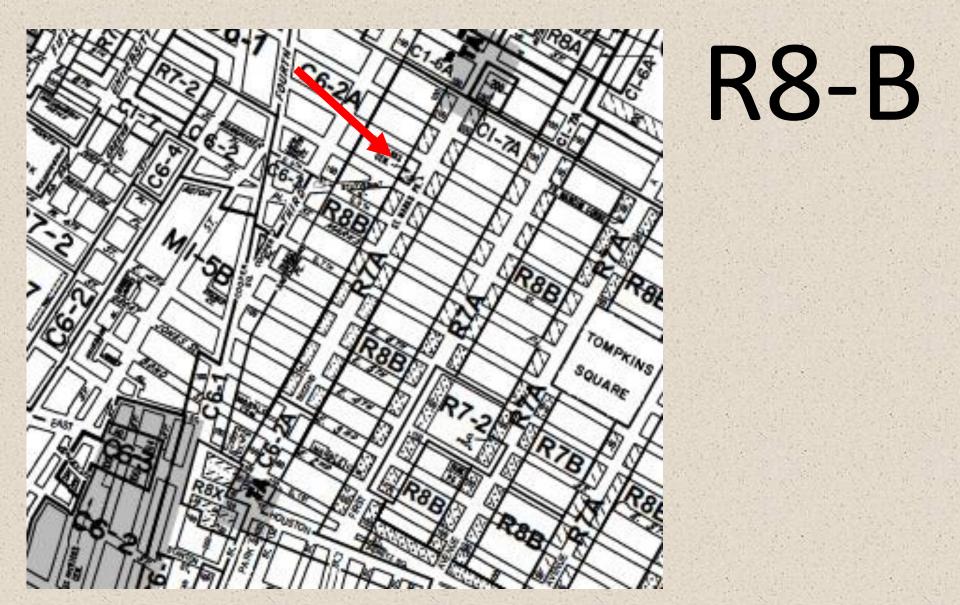
- Total building floor area to area of the zoning lot
- Multiply FAR (i.e. 1.0) lot area of the zoning lot (i.e. 10,000) equals maximum floor area allowed.
- If FAR is 1.0 and zoning lot is 10,000 sf, then the floor area cannot exceed 10,000 sf.

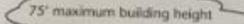


ZoLa: Zoning Map for 232 East 11th Street



Zoning Map for 232 East 11th Street





Street line

Base height: 55' minimum 60' maximum

Above the maximum base height, building must be set back at least 15' from a street wall facing a narrow street. for zoning lot frontag The street wall of a n lot up to 50 feet wide one adjacent street wa the other. On lots wi frontage, the street w to the street line that adjacent building. St set back beyond 15 have interior amenit ant to the Quality H Off-street parking of a building and a the street wall and planted. Parking is dwelling units, and fewer parking space zoning lot is 10,00 Brooklyn, however 40% of dwelling ut are not allowed.

a setback is 55 to 60 fr

building height is 75 ft

e set bas from the s

All open areas between the street wall and the street line must be planted

1.4.1

AMERON STREET

HOK!

Zoning Terminology

Contextual Zoning –

Regulates the Height and Bulk of new buildings; setbacks and width to produce buildings consistent with existing neighborhood character. Residential and Commercial Districts with an A, B, D or X.

Contextual Zoning



FARROW STRE

Zoning lot li

	permit-	D-radurty	and a state of the		West End Avenue
Tower can penetrate sky exposure plane provided it is set back at least 10' from a wide street and 15' from a narrow street	apart- Tower Regu <i>erage</i> Tower regulatio; <i>treet</i>	Broadway	185' maximum building height beyond 100' of a wide street	/ · · · ·	Above the maximum base height, building must be set back at least 10' from the street wall when facing a wide street or 15' when facing a narrow street
	penetrate the <i>sh</i> _{10.0} . results in building under <i>Quality H</i> can of midtown anis for mapped R10 dist <i>able</i> <i>mercial</i> districts <i>district equival</i> . to	Base height: 60' minimum 125' maximum	Z	210' maximum building height within 100' of a wide street	
	Standard tower The base, are permitter, in R10, C1-9 at de both wide and i commercial dist?t,	*			Base heir 125' mini 150' max
	C6-5, C6-6, C6 ₁ y footprint may c the area of the z lots smaller thats tower-on-a-bas set back from th on a wide stree				
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					WOL SREET
The suit suit	(betw an	All open areas yeen the street w d the street line just be planted	NARROW STRIET		List white
Floor area of building c if public plaza or affordable		14455175			



Tower in the Park

Zoning Terminology

- Height Factor Building Equal to the number of stories in a building constructed without setbacks. Promotes tall buildings surrounding by open space. (only permitted in R6-R9 noncontextual districts)
- Sky Exposure Plane the plane slopes inward from a specified base height above the street line. The farther it's set back the higher it can go.
- Quality Housing Program bulk regulations set height limits and allow high lot coverage buildings set at or near street line. (mandatory in contextual R6-R10; optional in noncontextual)

Use Groups

- 18 Categories ranging from Use Group 1 (single family detached residential) to Use Group 18 (Heavy Industrial)
- Allowed as of right or by special permit
- Use Group 3 (Community facilities: schools, libraries, museums, nursing homes, etc.)
- Use Group 4 (Community facilities: houses of worship, hospitals, non-profits without sleeping facilities)
- Use Group 5: Transient Hotels

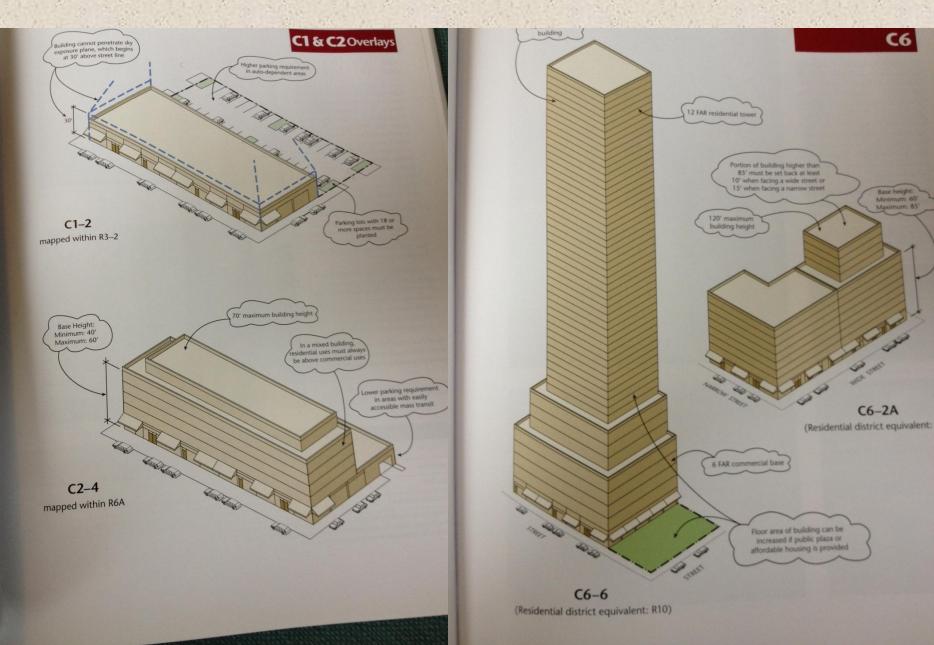
Community Facilities

- Most are as of right in all residential districts
- Bulk regulations are often less restrictive for community facilities (can extend into required rear yard, etc.)
- In some residential zoning districts, including a community facility can increase the FAR.

Inclusionary Housing

- Soon to be mandatory program in some neighborhoods
- In current designated areas, a bonus of 33% of floor area for providing 20% affordable housing.

Commercial Zoning



Manufacturing Zoning

- Light, Medium and Heavy
- Special Mixed Use Districts (MX) allow residential and light manufacturing uses sideby-side or within the same building

And Dozens of Special Districts...

- Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn: regulates depth of front yard, unobstructed by porches or stairs.
 Only drive and walkways can be paved.
- South Richmond, SI: Mandates tree preservation and open space.

Role of City Planning Commission and Board of Standards and Appeals

- Planning Commission: Carl Weisbrod is Chair. Reviews rezonings
- Board of Standards and Appeals: reviews and decides applications for variances and special permits, as empowered by the Zoning Resolution, and applications for<u>appeals</u> from property owners whose proposals have been denied by the City's Departments of Buildings, Fire or Business Services.

Jamaica Hill

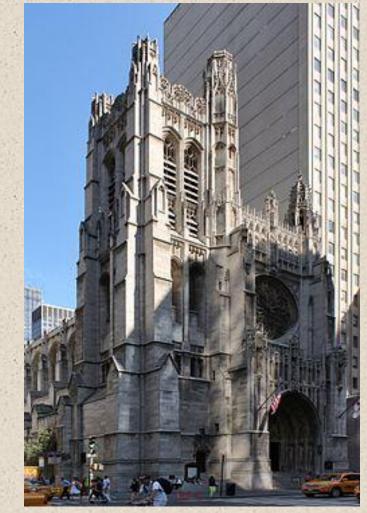
 Aims to maintain the neighborhood's prevailing character and ensure that new residential development fits the context and scale of the area's existing housing mix. Although the area is typically developed with, one- and two-family detached homes (84% of the residential lots), the existing R3-2, R4 and R5 zoning permits housing of all types, including multi-family apartment buildings and attached row houses.

Proposed Zoning

DCP proposes to rezone the area from R3-2, R4 and R5 districts to *contextual* R3X and R4A districts.

 The proposed R3X and R4A districts would limit new residential development to one- and two-family detached residences. For example, the R3X zone would allow a maximum <u>floor area ratio</u> (<u>FAR</u>) of 0.6 and require new houses to have a minimum lot width of 35 feet.

74-711 and Zoning Lot Mergers



Completed 1914



1050 feet



108 East 96th Street -Never Give Up!

Questions?